





Appl. No.

09/674,771

Confirmation No. 3714

Applicant

Rudolf Heinz et al.

Filed

December 29, 2000

TC/A.U.

2834

Examiner

Mark O. Budd

Docket No.

R.34720

Customer No.

02119

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Date: October 22, 2004

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 CFR 1.97(b), AND EXPLANATION OF THE RELEVANCE OF THE CITED PRIOR ART

Sir:

The undersigned hereby requests that the prior art cited on the attached prior art statement be placed of record in the application file and considered by the examiner.

This citation of prior art is made under 37 CFR 1.97(b), since it is being filed before the mailing date of the first office action after the mailing of a request for continued examination under § 1.114.

The relevance of the prior art cited on the attached form 1449 is as follows:

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Prior to first Office Action after Request for Continued Examination

US 5,568,576

This patent teaches a waveguide device comprising a cladding layer having a

refractive index ncl, a first waveguide having a refractive index ng (ng > ncl) formed on said

cladding layer, and a second waveguide having a refractive index ncp (ncp > ng) formed on

said first waveguide. The sectional shape of said second waveguide has a tapered structure in

which a layer of thickness of said second waveguide reduces as the distance from the end face

of the waveguide increases. A tapering angle θ in said tapered structure satisfies the following

conditions:

 $\theta a = \{90^{\circ} - \arcsin(neff/ncp)\}/2$

 θ <2.0 θ a

wherein neff represents an effective refractive index of said first waveguide. This waveguide

device has a high resistance against the deviation in the positions of the light exit face of an

LD or an optical fiber and the light entrance face of a waveguide and thus enables an optical

coupling at a high efficiency.

While this reference was sent to us by our client, the undersigned believes that US

5,568,<u>6</u>76 was intended. This patent is already of record and has been considered by the

examiner.

DE 197 12 923

This patent teaches a piezoelectric actuator that has at least one monolithic

piezoelement of a piezoelectric material. This having a tubular form and a penetrating bore

extending along a longitudinal direction surrounded by a tubular wall. An inner electrode is

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provided on the inside of the tubular wall of each piezoelement. Correspondingly, an outer electrode is provided on the outside of the tubular wall of each piezoelement. When an electric voltage is applied between the inner electrode and the outer electrode, an electrical field is formed that is essentially aligned perpendicularly to the longitudinal direction of the tubular piezoelement. The electrical field effects a deformation of the piezoelement in its longitudinal direction in order to exert an actuation force in the longitudinal direction of the piezoelement.

DE 34 12 014 C1

This patent teaches a piezoceramic servo-drive for producing translational and angular movement, especially for application to ring laser mirrors, and including piezo discs arranged in a column. The discs are polarized in such a way that the direction of extension of the column and the direction of the electrical field lie in parallel. On one side, the discs are provided with a complete contact surface and on the other side are divided into electrically separate contact segments which are provided with separate electrical connections.

FR 2 702 895

This patent teaches a drive system using piezoelectric actuators including a housing (35) defining an inner surface (30) in which a moving assembly slides. This assembly consists of a longitudinal piezoelectric actuator (32) and two locking actuators (31, 33) interacting respectively with friction pads (34, 36) and is secured to an operating rod (37). The friction pads (34, 36) are configured in such a way as to occupy substantially the same axial position within the said housing (35).

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GB 1 453 978

According to the teachings of this patent, in a linear stepping motor arrangement, a piezoelectric tube (1) containing fluid, e.g. silicone oil (14), is sealed at one end by a rigid wall (7) joined to a body (2) which may be magnetically clamped to a bed (4). The tube is sealed at the other end by a flexible diaphragm (9) joined to a further clamping body (3). When a voltage is applied to two electrodes (5, 6) via two leads (17, 16), with one body (2) clamped and the other body (3) unclamped, the length and diameter of the tube (1) are caused to vary. The volume inside the tube (1) is changed and as a consequence the diaphragm (9) and the unclamped body (3) execute a step movement. The unclamped body (3) may then be clamped and the other body (2) unclamped so that on switching off the voltage the tube relaxes to its former length. This causes a step movement at the other end of the tube. A rod (10) assists in the alignment of the system. In a modification (not illustrated) a third magnetic clamp is incorporated. In the embodiment of Fig. 3, movement of a diaphragm (29) causes a contacting ball (34) and rod (33) to produce movement of the corresponding clamping body (3). In the embodiments of Figs. 4 and 5, rods (48, 56) are mounted for motion relative to flexible ring seals (46, 47, 54, 55).

JP 1-1317552

This patent teaches a laminated piezoelectric transformer which is excellent in performance. The method discloses a vibration mode where the laminated piezoelectric transformer, composed of a support structure and lead wires, deteriorates less in the mechanical vibration coupling coefficient Qm. Piezoelectric ceramic disks (1) are polarized

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to alternately change in a direction (8) of polarization in a thickness-wise direction. This excites a higher flexing vibration mode B (1, 3) (three node lines, one node circle). After the polarizing electrodes have been removed by etching, silver electrode paste is applied to both sides of each piezoelectric ceramic disk and baked. A hole (4) is bored in each piezoelectric ceramic disk at its center so as to lead out the lead wires (3) of an input/output section. The piezoelectric ceramic disks are laminated and bonded together with adhesive agent. Six intersections of the node lines (6) and a node circle (7) of a flexing vibration mode B (1, 3) are made to serve as supporting spots (5). The laminated piezoelectric ceramic disks are bonded to a board at the supporting spots, whereby a piezoelectric transformer is supported.

DE 196 26 671 C1

This patent teaches a high frequency piezoelectric power actuator apparatus with heat dissipation. The apparatus includes a stack of elementary polarized rings (1) of sintered lead zirconate-titanate ceramic with contact material (3) between them. The rings are bonded by thermally hardened epoxy resin to plates (2) of copper-bronze alloy 100 mu m thick with smaller central holes. Alternate plates are interconnected by copper wires (7) with dipsoldered joints (6). The portion of each plate protruding from the stack is in the form of a 270 degree segment of a circle with the same external diameter (D2), extending tangentially into a rounded 90 degree vertex. With an applied voltage of 1 kV, such a device has an expansion of 21 mu m and capacitance of 111 nF.

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JP 6-64212

This patent teaches a system which enables many kinds of current supply controls by the combination of current supply states and to perform printing with accurate printing density by providing an external history control circuit. The circuit contains an editing circuit for editing history data on the basis of the signals from three one-line data buffers.

The printing data (2) is stored in either one of three one-line data buffers (4-6). History data is edited from the stored printing data by a history data editing circuit (8) and is to be sent to a data transmission circuit (9). The history data is sent to a shift register circuit (22) as edited printing data (12) and the data of one line is latched in the shift register circuit (22). The printing pulse corresponding to the history pattern of the edited printing data is applied to the heating element (18) of a thermal head (17) by a pulse width control circuit (7) to perform dot printing. This printing operation is performed seven times and, by the combination of current supply states at this time, sixty-four kinds of current supply controls are performed.

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Examination of this application is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted

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REG/SLS/elb Customer No. 02119

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			U.S	. PATENT	DOCUMENTS					
EXAMINER INITIAL	REF	DOCUMENT NUMBER	10-22-1996	NAME Kaoru Okaniwa		CLASS	SUBCLASS	FILING DATE IF APPROPRIATE		
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Form PTO-A820 (also form PTO-1449) P09A/REV05

Patent and Trademark Office * U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE CITATION (Use several sheets if necessary) PEXAMINER INITIAL REF NUMBER DATE R.3472 Applicant(s) Rudolf Heinz et al Filing Date 12-29-20 U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS NAME	CLASS	Group Art Unit	FILING IF APPRO		
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